

Additional Information Guide

Fiera Atlas Global Companies Fund

Class H, Class A and Class O units

Dated: 22 November 2022

ARSN: 627 620 320

Responsible Entity:

Ironbark Asset Management (Fund Services) Limited
ABN 63 116 232 154 | AFSL No. 298626
Level 14, 1 Margaret Street, Sydney NSW 2000

Investment Manager:

Fiera Capital (UK) Limited
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This Fiera Atlas Global Companies Fund ('Fund') Additional Information Guide ('AIG') has been prepared and issued by Ironbark Asset Management (Fund Services) Limited ABN 63 116 232 154 AFSL No. 298626 ('Responsible Entity', 'we', 'us', 'our'), a wholly owned subsidiary of Ironbark Asset Management Pty Ltd ABN 53 136 679 420 AFSL No. 341020 (collectively 'Ironbark').

Contact details

Ironbark is responsible for providing client services to the Fund. If you have an enquiry or would like more information, contact an Ironbark representative:

Phone: 1800 034 402
Intl: +61 2 9135 0500

Email: client.services@ironbarkam.com

Website: www.ironbarkam.com

The information in this document forms part of the relevant Product Disclosure Statement ('PDS') for each class of units in the Fund listed under the 'Important information' on the next page. You should read this information together with the PDS and Target Market Determination ('TMD') before making a decision to invest in the Fund. The PDS and this AIG are available at www.ironbarkam.com or you can request a free paper copy by contacting Ironbark.

The information provided in this AIG is general information only and does not take account of your personal financial situation or needs. You should obtain professional financial advice tailored to your personal circumstances.

Certain information may change from time to time. We may update this AIG with changes that are not materially adverse without issuing a replacement AIG. If we consider there is a change that is materially adverse, we will replace this AIG. Updated information and any replacement AIG will be available at www.ironbarkam.com and you can also obtain a paper copy or an electronic copy free of charge, by contacting Ironbark.

Important information

This AIG provides additional information that forms part of the relevant PDS for each class of units in the Fund, listed below.

	ARSN	APIR	Issue date
Fiera Atlas Global Companies Fund – Class H	627 620 320	AMP8506AU	22 November 2022
Fiera Atlas Global Companies Fund – Class A	627 620 320	AMP7497AU	22 November 2022
Fiera Atlas Global Companies Fund – Class O	627 620 320	DAM0960AU	22 November 2022

1 How the Fund works

Applications

We will only start processing an application if:

- we consider that you have correctly completed the Application Form;
- it has been correctly sent by you and received by the Unit Registry;
- you have provided the relevant identification documents; and
- application money (in cleared funds) stated in your Application Form has been received. The time it takes for application money to clear varies depending on how you transfer the money and your bank (it may take up to four Business Days).

We reserve the right to accept or reject applications in whole or in part at our discretion and delay the processing of applications where we believe it to be in the best interest of all the Fund's investors.

Any interest earned on application money for the Fund will not be credited in favour of the applicant and will be retained within the application account.

The Responsible Entity will not be liable to an investor for any losses incurred, including from market movements, if an application is rejected or the processing of an application is delayed.

Distributions

An investor's share of any distributable income is calculated in accordance with the Constitution and is generally based on the number of units held by the investor at the end of the distribution period and the distributable income.

In some circumstances, such as where an investor makes a large withdrawal request or application request, Ironbark may determine that a special distribution be calculated and distributed earlier than usual, for example:

- in the event of an application, to prevent dilution of distributable income to the existing investors; and
- in the event of a withdrawal, to ensure the redeeming investor receives their share of distributable income so the remaining investors are not left to bear the redeeming investor's portion of taxable income.

There may also be a special attribution of taxable components to redeeming investors under the Attribution Managed Investment Trust ('AMIT') regime. In these circumstances, the redeeming investor will receive their redemption proceeds at the time of redemption and will receive an AMIT Member Annual Statement ('AMMA Statement') for the income year which will disclose the components of income attributed to the investor as part of their redemption proceeds. Where some of the redemption proceeds are recategorised as income, this may affect the calculation of any capital gain or loss on disposal. In certain cases, there may be assessable income attributed to the investor in the absence of any cash distribution or reinvestment. Such attribution will be offset with a corresponding cost base increase in the AMMA statement.

Refer to the 'How managed investment schemes are taxed' section in this AIG for further details on AMIT.

Withdrawals

When you are withdrawing, you should take note of the following:

- we may not be responsible or liable if you do not receive, or are late in receiving, any withdrawal money that is paid according to your instructions;
- we may contact you to check your details before processing your withdrawal request. This may cause a delay in finalising payment of your withdrawal money. No interest is payable for any delay in finalising payment of your withdrawal money;
- if we cannot satisfactorily identify you as the withdrawing investor, we may refuse or reject your withdrawal request or payment of your withdrawal proceeds will be delayed. We are not responsible for any loss you consequently suffer;
- the Withdrawal Price will vary as the market value of assets in the Fund rises or falls;
- we reserve the right to fully withdraw your investment upon 30 days' notice if, as a result of processing your withdrawal request, your investment balance falls below the minimum initial investment amount of the relevant class of units in the Fund. The payment of fees to your financial adviser is not regarded as a withdrawal request for these purposes;
- as an investor who is withdrawing, you agree that any payment made according to instructions received by post, courier or fax shall be at the complete satisfaction of our obligations, despite any fact or circumstances such as the payment being made without your knowledge or authority; and
- you agree that if the payment is made according to these terms, you and any person claiming through or under you, shall have no claim against us about the payment.

Generally, the Responsible Entity pays withdrawal proceeds to your bank account. However, in certain circumstances the Responsible Entity is permitted under the Constitution of the Fund to pay withdrawal proceeds in kind (i.e. in specie) to investors.

Withdrawal restrictions

Ironbark may deny a withdrawal request for any reason. We may, for example deny a withdrawal request where accepting the request would cause the Fund to cease to be liquid or where the Fund is not liquid (as defined in the Corporations Act).

Under the Constitution for a Fund there are certain restrictions in relation to an investor's right to withdraw from that Fund.

If a Fund is not liquid under the Corporations Act, withdrawals from that Fund will only be possible if the Responsible Entity makes a withdrawal offer in accordance with the Corporations Act. The Responsible Entity is not obligated to make such an offer. However, if the Responsible Entity does make such an offer, you are only able to withdraw your investment in accordance with the terms of a current withdrawal offer. If an insufficient amount of money is available from the assets specified in the withdrawal offer to satisfy withdrawal requests, the requests will be satisfied proportionately amongst those investors wishing to withdraw from that Fund. Under the Corporations Act, a Fund is regarded as liquid if liquid assets account for at least 80% of the value of the assets of the Fund.

Liquid assets generally include money in an account or on deposit with a bank, bank-accepted bills, marketable securities and property of the kind prescribed under the Corporations Act.

Please refer to the section below on suspensions for details regarding when the Responsible Entity can suspend withdrawals.

Suspensions

The Responsible Entity may at any time suspend the acceptance of applications, withdrawal requests, the withdrawal of units and/or the payment of withdrawal amounts if the Responsible Entity believes that it is in the best interest of investors as a whole if:

- it is desirable for the protection of the Fund;
- it suspects or is advised that payment of a withdrawal amount may result in a contravention of Anti-Money Laundering ('AML') requirements;
- any relevant financial, stock, bond, note, derivative or foreign exchange market (including the ASX) is closed or trading on any such market is restricted in any way; or
- an emergency or such other circumstances exist and as a result:
- it is not reasonably practicable for the Responsible Entity to acquire or dispose of assets or determine the application or withdrawal price fairly;
- the ability of the Responsible Entity to acquire or dispose of assets or determine the application or withdrawal price fairly is, or may be, adversely affected; or
- sufficient assets of the Fund cannot be realised at an appropriate price, in a timely manner or on adequate terms or otherwise.

A withdrawal request lodged during a period of suspension will be deemed to have been received immediately after the period of suspension and withdrawing investors will receive the next calculated unit price.

Transferring units

You may transfer units in the Fund to another person. To do this contact Ironbark for instructions on how to complete the transfer, additionally you will need to send:

- a signed and completed, and where relevant, stamped Australian standard transfer form that you can download from www.ironbarkam.com; and
- a completed Application Form from this PDS for the Fund current at the time, completed by the person to whom the units are being transferred as a new applicant to the Fund.

We reserve the right to decline certain transfer requests at our discretion.

A transfer involves a disposal of units and may have tax implications. We recommend that you obtain tax and legal advice (as necessary) before requesting a transfer.

For indirect investors, you should contact your IDPS operator if you wish to transfer your units.

Authorised signatory

You can appoint a person, partnership or company as your authorised signatory. To do so, please nominate them on the initial Application Form and have them sign the relevant sections. If a company is appointed, the powers extend to any director and officer of the company. If a partnership is appointed, the powers extend to all partners. Such

appointments will only be cancelled or changed once we receive written instructions from you to do so.

Once appointed, your authorised signatory has full access to operate your investment account for and on your behalf. This includes the following:

- making additional investments;
- requesting income distribution instructions to be changed;
- withdrawing all or part of your investment;
- changing bank account details; and
- enquiring and obtaining copies of the status of your investment.

If you do appoint an authorised signatory:

- you are bound by their acts;
- you release, discharge and indemnify us from and against any losses, liabilities, actions, proceedings, account claims and demands arising from instructions received from your authorised representatives; and
- you agree that any instructions received from your authorised signatory shall be to the complete satisfaction of our obligations, even if the instructions were made without your knowledge or authority.

Your privacy – privacy collection notice

When you provide instructions to us or our service providers or delegates, we and our service providers or delegates will be collecting personal information about you. This information is needed to facilitate, administer and manage your investment, and to comply with Australian taxation laws and other laws and regulations. Otherwise, your application may not be processed or we and our service providers or delegates will not be able to administer or manage your investment.

The information that you provide may be disclosed to certain organisations or bodies situated in Australia or overseas, including service providers or business associates who provide services and financing in connection with our products and services and business functions and activities that may include:

- the ATO, AUSTRAC and other government or regulatory bodies;
- your broker, financial adviser or adviser dealer group, their service providers and any joint holder of an investment;
- organisations involved in providing, administering and managing the Fund, the administrator, custodian, auditors, or those that provide mailing or printing services; and
- those where you have consented to the disclosure and as required by law.

Ironbark may from time to time provide you with direct marketing and/or educational material about products and services Ironbark believes may be of interest to you.

Should you not wish to receive this information from Ironbark (including by email or electronic communication), you have the right to "opt out" by advising Ironbark by telephoning 1800 034 402, or alternatively by contacting Ironbark at client.services@ironbarkam.com.

Subject to some exceptions allowed by law, you can ask for access to your personal information. We will give you reasons if we deny you access to this information. The Ironbark Privacy Policy outlines how you can request to access and seek the correction of your personal information. The Ironbark Privacy Policy is available at www.ironbarkam.com and can be obtained by contacting Ironbark's Privacy Officer on 1800 034 402, or

alternatively by contacting us via email at client.services@ironbarkam.com.

You should refer to the Ironbark Privacy Policy for more detail about the personal information that Ironbark collects and how Ironbark collects, uses and discloses your personal information.

If you invest indirectly through an IDPS operator, the Responsible Entity does not collect or hold your personal information in connection with your investment in a Fund. Please contact your IDPS operator for more information about their privacy policy.

Anti-money laundering and counter terrorism financing ('AML/CTF')

The Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing Act 2006 ('AML/CTF laws') and other applicable anti-money laundering and counter terrorism laws, regulations, rules and policies which apply to the Responsible Entity ('AML/CTF program'), regulate financial services and transactions in a way that is designed to detect and prevent money laundering and terrorism financing. The AML/CTF laws are enforced by the Australian Transaction Reports and Analysis Centre ('AUSTRAC').

In order to comply with the AML/CTF laws, the Responsible Entity is required to, amongst other things verify your identity and source of your application monies before providing services to you, and to re-identify you if it considers it necessary to do so.

To meet this requirement, we need to collect certain identification information and documentation ('Know Your Clients' ('KYC') Documents') from new investors. Existing investors may also be asked to provide KYC Documents as part of a re-identification process to comply with the AML/CTF laws. Processing of applications or withdrawals will be delayed or refused if investors do not provide the KYC Documents when requested.

Under the AML/CTF laws, the Responsible Entity may be required to submit reports to AUSTRAC. This may include the disclosure of your personal information. We may not be able to tell you when this occurs and, as a result, AUSTRAC may require us to deny you (on a temporary or permanent basis) access to your investment. This could result in loss of the capital invested, or you may experience significant delays when you wish to transact on your investment.

Where required by law, the Responsible Entity may disclose the information gathered to regulatory or law enforcement agencies, including AUSTRAC.

The Responsible Entity and its agents are not liable for any loss you may suffer because of the Responsible Entity's compliance with the AML/CTF laws or AML/CTF program.

Conditions for use of the fax transaction facility

By submitting an additional investment form or a withdrawal request, you agree to be bound by the following conditions if you give the Unit Registry a notice by fax:

- you acknowledge that there is a risk that fraudulent fax requests may be made by a third party;
- you agree that none of Ironbark, its officers, employees or agents, are responsible for any fraudulently completed communications and that none of Ironbark, its officers, employees or agents will compensate you for any losses arising from such communications; and
- you release and indemnify Ironbark, its officers, employees and agents against any liabilities whatsoever arising from Ironbark, its officers, employees or agents acting on faxed communications from, or purporting to be from you.

2 How we invest your money

The Constitution

The Fund is governed by the Constitution that sets out how the Fund must operate, and together with the PDS, the Corporations Act and other laws, regulates the Responsible Entity's legal relationship with investors. If you invest in the Fund, you agree to be bound by the terms of the PDS and the Constitution. A copy of the Constitution will be made available on request by contacting Ironbark. Please consider these documents before investing in the Fund.

We may amend the Constitution from time to time in accordance with the provisions in the Constitution and the Corporations Act.

Overview of the Fund

The Fund seeks to deliver a compound rate of return greater than 10% per annum, after fees and costs, over the long term (typically 5 to 7 years). The Fiera Atlas Global Equity Team expects that the Fund should exhibit lower risk of capital loss than broader global equity markets, over the long term. The Fund invests in what the Investment Manager considers to be 25 to 35 global exceptional companies with strong wealth creation credentials.

Investment Approach

The investment approach is guided by the Fiera Atlas Global Equity Team's investment philosophy and executed by a disciplined, fundamental research process.

Philosophy and beliefs

The Fiera Atlas Global Equity Team believes the probability of strong long term, risk adjusted returns is increased by portfolios which are aligned to a set of core beliefs and unconstrained by market benchmarks.

The team's investment philosophy is built on identifying three key wealth creation credentials in companies:

- Competitive advantage - the ability of a company to generate persistent profitability through factors such as pricing power, network effects, brand or innovation;
- Capital allocation - a company's skill at reinvesting those profits wisely - either to reinforce their competitive advantage, increase value creating growth opportunities or return capital back to shareholders; and
- Runways for growth - the support of enduring and structural growth drivers, which increases the rate at which profits are compounded.

Finding 'exceptional' companies

The Fiera Atlas Global Equity Team defines an 'exceptional' company as one that can be relied on to preserve and grow its cash flows, in most market and operating environments. Benefiting from high or improving economic returns, exceptional companies typically display better than average operating

metrics and are less reliant on outside capital (or leverage) to generate healthy cash returns and reinvest for future growth. For every company the team invests in, they dismiss many seemingly high-quality companies. The investment team utilises financial screens and industry reviews as productivity tools to refine the list of possible candidates, but believes it is only significant due diligence and discipline that enables them to truly uncover what they consider to be exceptional companies. The investment team actively seeks to avoid companies in uncertain, economically sensitive and highly volatile sectors.

Collaborative team-based culture

The Fiera Atlas Global Equity Team operates within a collaborative, team-based culture, underpinned by a shared investment philosophy. Their common mindset around the benefits of long-term investing drives their research process and informs the ongoing management of the portfolio. The team takes joint responsibility for due diligence, which includes multiple interviews with company management and a range of industry experts (including customers, competitors, and suppliers). The investment team deploys a significant amount of experience and resources behind each stock decision and only act where their insights lead to a different assessment of value from the market. This approach ensures constructive challenges from multiple perspectives, while reducing the likelihood of individual biases impacting their decision-making process.

Portfolio and risk management

The Fiera Atlas Global Equity Team thinks of risk in terms of the likelihood of failing to deliver the Fund's long-term return and capital resilience objectives. They do not measure investment risk as the deviation of returns from the broad global equity market benchmark. Indeed, the Fund's returns may be meaningfully different to the market index. This viewpoint enables the team to look through short term share price volatility or the composition of market benchmarks and focus solely on the delivery of a globally diversified portfolio of companies with superior long-term fundamentals.

The Fiera Atlas Global Equity Team manages risk by:

- identifying companies that they believe have strong and resilient underlying drivers of wealth creation; and
- allocating capital to these companies to produce a portfolio whose sources of revenue are diversified by geography, business model and end market.

Fund Profile

Currency management

The Fund's international investments are unhedged back to Australian dollars.

Borrowing

The Fund may not exceed 10% of its net asset value but may borrow to meet its short-term liquidity needs.

Gearing

The Fiera Atlas Global Equity Team does not intend to gear the Fund. However, securities in which the Fund invests may be geared through the use of derivatives or borrowing. The Fund will be managed such that its risk characteristics are consistent with its investment objectives.

Derivatives

The Fund may use derivatives such as futures, forwards, options or swaps with the aim of:

- increasing or reducing exposure to markets, relative to the underlying physical holdings and subject to the Fund's investment guidelines;
- protecting against risks such as unfavourable changes in an investment's price brought about by, for example, changes in interest rates, credit risk, equity prices, currencies or other factors;
- enhancing returns by taking advantage of favourable mispricings within a market, as a cost-effective alternative to purchasing physical assets; and
- implementing the investment objectives of the Fund.

Labour, environmental, social and ethical ('ESG') considerations

ESG factors are integrated into the fundamental investment decision-making process of the Fund. The Investment Manager is of the view that well-governed companies are generally those that demonstrate high environmental and social standards such as respect for their employees, for human rights and for the communities in which they do business.

Material ESG factors that can positively or negatively impact the intrinsic value of a company are taken into consideration in the Investment Manager's fundamental investment analysis. In conjunction with pursuing the Fund's investment policy and strategy, the Investment Manager seeks to identify and promote various environmental and social characteristics. Such characteristics are reflected in the binding ESG investment criteria as detailed below, and include, but are not limited to energy use and general carbon emissions, in particular the reduction of the use of coal, and the principles of the United Nation's Global Compact (www.unglobalcompact.org), including the support of and protection of human rights, the elimination of all forms of forced and compulsory labour, and the elimination of discrimination and all forms of corruption. Other environmental and/or social factors may also be promoted, as assessed and determined on a per investment basis depending on various factors such as industry sector and geography.

The Investment Manager applies the following ESG exclusions and limitations in selecting companies for potential investment by the Fund:

Tobacco producers (being those companies that derive at least 15% of their gross revenue from the production of tobacco) will be ineligible for investment by the Fund. Distributors of tobacco (being those companies that derive at least 20% of their gross revenue from the distribution or sale of tobacco) will also be ineligible for investment by the Fund.

A company will be deemed ineligible for investment if it derives any of its gross revenue directly from the manufacture or sale of controversial weapons. Controversial weapons are those that are either prohibited under international conventions or are deemed particularly controversial because of their humanitarian impact. They include weapons of mass destruction such as nuclear, chemical and biological weapons, and weapons that fail

to discriminate between civilians or combatants or cause disproportionate harm, such as cluster munitions or anti-personnel mines.

Companies which violate one or more of the United Nations Global Compact principles are generally excluded from the investments of the Fund, unless the Investment Manager determines that either positive engagement with the implicated company can correct the issue, or that there are other positive environmental or social reasons which justifies an investment. Companies which are at risk of non-compliance are closely monitored, or otherwise excluded. The United Nations Global Compact (www.unglobalcompact.org) is a globally recognised common framework that applies to all industrial sectors. This initiative is based on international conventions in the areas of human rights, labour standards, the environment and the fight against corruption. Similarly, any identification of possible 'controversies' by a company (being an instance or ongoing situation in which a company may allegedly have a negative environmental, social or governance impact) are considered and further investigated and the Investment Manager will either engage with the implicated companies or divest from companies if no reasonable efforts are made to correct the issue.

The Investment Manager will not invest in companies that derive 5% or more of their gross revenues from the mining of any type of coal (thermal coal or metallurgical coal) or are directly involved in oil sands extraction. Moreover, power generation and other companies that generate the majority of their own power from coal and which do not have a committed plan to transition to more sustainable sources of power generation will also be fully excluded. The Investment Manager will also aim to ensure that the weighted average carbon intensity of the Fund's portfolio is lower than the Benchmark. The Fund's portfolio and Benchmark are measured using independent analysis from a third party independent data vendor to test the carbon intensity of the portfolio relative to the investment universe in which the Investment Manager invests. The Investment Manager will manage the portfolio to meet this objective by selecting companies that in aggregate achieve the stated goal and action and will manage the portfolio to ensure that the Fund continues to meet this objective.

The Investment Manager will only invest in companies that follow good governance practices. The good governance practices of investee companies are assessed prior to making an investment and periodically thereafter in accordance with minimum standards against which investee companies will be assessed and monitored by the Investment Manager. Such standards may include, but are not limited to, sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

In assessing the ESG characteristics of its investments, the Investment Manager may use data sources provided by the company which it is considering for investment and/or data sources provided by external research providers. Given the evolving nature of ESG, these data sources may, for the time being, be incomplete, inaccurate or unavailable. The Investment Manager may choose not to rely on the external data providers' research findings if the Investment Manager has good reason to believe that its own research justifies doing so.

The Investment Manager supports the view that companies should maintain policies and procedures with respect to ESG issues that materially affect long-term shareholder value. The Investment Manager, through engagement with investee companies, and in exercising its voting rights, encourages the adoption of good ESG practices and promotes the adoption of high standards of behaviour as a means to maximize shareholder value over time.

Further information about the Investment Managers approach to responsible investing, including their responsible investment policy can be found on their website <https://www.fieracapital.com/en/about-fiera-capital/responsible-investment>.

Standard risk measure ('SRM')

The SRM has been developed, at the request of Australian Prudential Regulation Authority ('APRA'), by the Association of Superannuation Funds of Australia ('ASFA') and the Financial Services Council ('FSC').

The purpose of the SRM is to disclose the level of risk using a standard measure. It allows investors to compare investments that are expected to deliver a similar number of negative annual returns over any 20-year period.

The SRM is not a complete assessment of all forms of investment risk, for instance it does not detail what the size of a negative return could be or the potential for a positive return to be less than an investor may require to meet their objectives. Further, it does not take into account the impact of administration fees and tax on the likelihood of a negative return.

Investors should still ensure they are comfortable with the risks and potential losses associated with their chosen investment/s.

As shown in the table below, a risk band of 1 suggests a very low risk investment, and a risk band of 7 suggests a very high risk investment.

Risk band	Risk label	Estimated number of negative returns over any 20 year period
1	Very Low	Less than 0.5
2	Low	0.5 to less than 1
3	Low to Medium	1 to less than 2
4	Medium	2 to less than 3
5	Medium to High	3 to less than 4
6	High	4 to less than 6
7	Very High	6 or greater

Fund performance

The latest available information on the performance of the Fund will be available at www.ironbarkam.com or by contacting Ironbark on 1800 034 402. Past performance is not an indicator of future performance.

3 Risks of managed investment schemes

All investments carry risks and it is important to consider them before investing into a Fund. The following include the general risks that apply to an investment in a managed investment scheme.

General risks of investing

Risks associated with investing in a Fund generally include the following.

Climate change risk	The physical and non-physical impacts of climate change, and social and governmental responses to those impacts, may materially and adversely affect the value of the assets held by a Fund (directly or indirectly), or the markets to which a Fund has exposure. Adverse physical effects of climate change could include changes in global temperatures, rainfall patterns, water shortages, increased fire risk and an increased number of weather emergencies. The impact of climate change may also increase competition for, and the regulation of, limited resources, such as power and water.
Counterparty risk	There is a risk that a Fund may incur a loss arising from the failure of another party to a contract (the counterparty) to meet its obligations. Substantial losses can be incurred if a counterparty fails to deliver on its contractual obligations which may result in the investment activities of a Fund being adversely affected, causing its value to fall.
Cyber risk	There is a risk of fraud, data loss, business disruption or damage to a Fund or to investors' personal information as a result of a threat of failure to protect the information or personal data stored within the IT systems and networks of the Responsible Entity and those of our service providers.
Distribution risk	It is not guaranteed that distributions from a Fund will be made on a regular basis. Investors should not rely on distributions from a Fund to service other obligations. The level of income distributed to investors can also rise or fall, and the tax status of such income may also change.
Force majeure risk	Circumstances or events beyond our reasonable control may impact the operation, administration, and performance of a Fund. Those include, but are not limited to, industrial disputes, failure of a securities exchange, fires, flood, hurricanes, earthquakes, wars, strikes and acts of terrorism, governmental pre-emption in connection with an emergency of state and pandemics.
Fund risk	Fund risks include the potential termination of a Fund, change of the fees and expenses (in accordance with the Constitution), change in the Investment Manager or investment professionals of the Investment Manager, or the risk of error in the administration of a Fund. There is also a risk that investing in a Fund may give different results than investing individually because of income or capital gains accrued in a Fund and the consequences of applications and withdrawals by other investors. The Responsible Entity aims to manage fund risk by regularly monitoring the Investment Manager and the investment management process to ensure that a Fund is managed in a way that is in your best interests.
Inflation risk	Inflation risk is the risk that returns of your portfolio will not be higher than inflation.
Interest rate risk	Movements in domestic and international interest rates may cause the value of your investments to decline.
Investment manager risk	Investment manager risk refers to the risk that an Investment Manager for a Fund may not achieve the performance objectives or not produce returns that compare favourably against its peers for comparable strategies. Additionally, there is the risk that an Investment Manager's investment strategy may not prove to be effective. Many factors can negatively impact the manager's ability to generate acceptable returns from their investment management process, including loss of key staff.
Liquidity risk	Particular securities or investments may be difficult to purchase or sell, preventing a Fund from closing out a position or rebalancing within a timely period and at a fair price. As a result withdrawal requests may not be able to be fully met when they are received. Liquidity risk may potentially be amplified where a portfolio invests in listed interest rate securities and certain unlisted managed funds that hold unlisted assets such as infrastructure and real estate assets, where there may be limited or no liquidity at a point in time. Certain assets may be subject to 'stranded asset risk', which occurs when an asset, usually an infrastructure or real estate asset, loses most or all of its value prior to the end of its anticipated economic life due to factors such as technological change, regulatory reform, market or industry changes or climate change. Certain events may also cause normally liquid assets to become illiquid. For example, adverse market conditions and trading halts can affect assets. In such circumstances, withdrawal requests may be scaled back and paid pro-rata or it may not be possible to meet withdrawal requests for extended periods of time as it relates to that investment.
Market risk	Investment returns are influenced by the performance of the markets as a whole. Certain events may have a negative effect on the price of all types of investments within a particular market. These events may include changes in economic conditions, government regulations, market sentiment, local and international political events, wars, terrorism, pandemics, natural, nuclear and environmental disasters and technological issues. The duration and potential impacts of such events can be highly unpredictable which may give risk to increased and/or prolonged market volatility.

Operational risk	The risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems, or from external events. Adverse impacts may arise internally through human error, technology or infrastructure changes, or through external events such as third-party failures or crisis events. These could have an adverse impact on the operation of a Fund.
Regulatory and tax risk	Regulatory risk means that any changes in laws or their interpretations including, but not limited to, taxation and corporate regulatory laws, practice and policy, could adversely affect the value or tax treatment of a Fund or its investments. In certain circumstances, statutory or other restrictions may preclude the acquisition or disposal of investments. There is also a risk that regulatory changes to law may make certain assets less effective in achieving the desired return in a Fund. This also applies to assets outside Australia, which may have exposure to broader economic, social or political factors in addition to regulatory change.

4 Fees and costs

Additional explanation of fees and costs

Management fees and costs

Management fees and costs include the amounts payable for administering the Fund, amounts paid for investing in the assets of the Fund and other expenses and reimbursements in relation to the Fund and its investments.

The management fees and costs will generally comprise the management fee, indirect costs such as the indirect management fees and costs (if applicable) and any recoverable expenses (if incurred).

The management fee covers the costs of the responsible entity, investment management and in certain circumstances, the custody and administration for the Fund.

The management fee is charged by the Responsible Entity and is calculated and accrued daily based on the NAV of the Fund and is reflected in the unit price. It is paid monthly in arrears from the assets of the Fund.

Indirect management fees and costs

Indirect management fees and costs form part of the management fees and costs and may include fees and expenses arising from any investment which qualifies as an interposed vehicle (e.g. any underlying fund that a Fund may invest in). Indirect costs (if applicable) may vary from year to year, including to the extent that they rely on estimates.

Indirect management fees and costs (for any underlying funds): Investment managers in any underlying funds will typically charge management fees and these fees are deducted from the underlying funds and the impact is included as part of the underlying fund's unit price. Management fees paid to external investment managers (if applicable) will be an indirect cost to you.

Other indirect costs: In managing the assets of the Fund, managers may engage in trading activity in certain types of derivative financial products that are either not traded or listed on a recognised exchange and/or not used for hedging purposes, but rather to gain or reduce market exposure (e.g. derivatives such as forwards, over-the-counter options and swap arrangements). Engaging in trade activity of these types of products may give rise to other indirect costs.

Expense Recovery

Under the Constitution, the Responsible Entity is entitled to be reimbursed out of the assets of the Fund for all expenses incurred in the operation of that Fund. These expenses may include fund accounting, unit registry, audit costs, postage and preparation of tax returns and any abnormal expenses such as costs of any legal proceedings involving the Fund.

Normal expense recoveries: The estimated normal operating costs of the Fund (i.e. Fund expense other than abnormal expenses) are based on the Responsible Entity's reasonable estimate of the costs for the current financial year.

The expense recovery for the Fund is detailed in the Fund PDS.

Abnormal expense recoveries: The estimated abnormal operating costs of the Fund (i.e., Fund expenses other than normal expenses) are based on the Responsible Entity's reasonable estimate of the costs for the current financial year.

Performance fees

A performance fee is charged by the Responsible Entity on Class A and Class H units, as an amount calculated by reference to the performance of the relevant class of units of the Fund, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions. Performance fees form part of the management costs of the Fund.

The performance fee rate of 15% of the outperformance of the class of units of the Fund over the MSCI All Countries World Net Accumulation Index (AUD) ('Benchmark') is calculated daily.

The performance fee amount, calculated each day and accrued the following day, may be zero, positive or negative. The sum of all daily performance fee amounts is the accumulated performance fee amount, whereby:

- a positive daily performance fee amount is added to any positive accumulated performance fee amount or applied to reduce any negative accumulated performance fee amount; and
- a negative daily performance fee amount is used to reduce any positive accumulated performance fee amount or applied to further increase any negative accumulated performance fee amount.

When the accumulated performance fee amount is positive, this amount is accrued in the Fund's unit price. The Fund will not accrue a performance fee in the unit price when the accumulated performance fee amount is negative.

Performance fee payment conditions

The Responsible Entity will only be entitled to a performance fee payment at the end of the performance fee period if:

- the annualised total rate of return of the class of units of the Fund net of all fees and costs for the preceding 5 year period is higher than 7%; and
- the accumulated performance fee amount for the relevant performance fee period is positive.

If either of the payment conditions are not met at the end of the performance fee period, the accumulated performance fee amount (positive, recorded as a performance fee accrual, or negative) is carried forward to the next performance fee period.

To allow for the development of a 5-year performance track record, the initial performance fee period for Class A units of the Fund, will be from 1 September 2018 until 31 August 2023.

To allow for the development of a 5-year performance track record, the initial performance fee period for Class H units of the Fund, will be from 1 December 2018 until 30 November 2023.

If applicable, in relation to Class A units, the Fund will record a performance fee accrual in the Class A unit price during the initial performance fee period, however the Responsible Entity will not be entitled to receive a performance fee until 31 August 2023. If applicable, in relation to Class H units, the Fund will record a performance fee accrual in the Class H unit price during the initial performance fee period, however the Responsible Entity will not be entitled to receive a performance fee until 30 November 2023.

Following the 5-year initial performance fee periods for the Class A units and Class H units ending 31 August 2023 and 30 November 2023 respectively, all subsequent performance fee

periods (for both classes) will end on 30 June of each year. The Responsible Entity will be entitled to receive a performance fee at the end of the performance fee period, provided the payment conditions are met. If applicable, the Fund will record a performance fee accrual in the unit price during all subsequent performance fee periods.

Until the date that the assets under management in a class of units have reached \$10 million, the Responsible Entity will not be entitled to receive a performance fee and will not record a performance fee accrual during this period.

Performance fee example

If you invested \$50,000 in the Fund and the class of units of the Fund outperforms its Benchmark by a total of 3% over the performance fee period, the cost to you (which is reflected in the unit price) would be \$225.

This estimate is inclusive of GST less reduced input tax credits and is provided as an example only and is not a forecast. The actual performance fee, which is subject to the payment conditions, may be higher, lower or not payable at all. Furthermore, past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.

Transactional and operational costs

The Fund may incur transactional and operational costs such as brokerage, settlement and clearing costs as well as stamp duty incurred when buying and selling the Fund’s assets. Transactional and operational costs are an additional cost to you.

The transactional and operational costs are estimates. Please refer to the following table for the transactional and operational costs associated with each class at the date of the relevant PDS (disclosed inclusive and exclusive of the recovered buy/sell spread).

	Gross transactional and operational cost (p.a.)	Net transactional and operational cost (p.a.)	For every \$20,000 you have invested, you will pay:
Fiera Atlas Global Companies Fund – Class H	0.0157%	0.0000%	\$0
Fiera Atlas Global Companies Fund – Class A	0.0157%	0.0000%	\$0
Fiera Atlas Global Companies Fund – Class O	0.0157%	0.0000%	\$0

Transactional and operational costs: buy/sell spread

The buy/sell spread reflects the estimated costs incurred in buying or selling assets of the Fund when investors invest in or withdraw from the Fund. This aims to ensure other investors do not bear the transaction costs associated with a particular investor buying or selling units in the Fund. The buy/sell spread is an additional cost to you but is incorporated into the unit price and incurred when you invest in or withdraw from the Fund and is not separately charged to you. The buy/sell spread is paid into the Fund and not paid to the Responsible Entity or Investment Manager. Reinvested distributions do not incur a buy/sell spread.

The buy/sell spread is 0.3000% upon entry (\$60 on an investment of \$20,000) and 0.3000% upon exit (\$60 on an investment of \$20,000), GST is not applicable. Reinvested distributions do not incur a buy/sell spread.

Changes to fees and costs

We may increase or decrease our fees without investor consent, subject to the following maximum fee amounts specified in the Fund's constitution. We will give direct investors 30 days' notice of any proposed fee increase in accordance with the law.

Maximum fees allowable under the Constitution*	Management Fee (p.a. of the gross value of the Fund's assets)	Contribution fee (of the application amount)	Withdrawal fee of the withdrawal amount)
Fiera Atlas Global Companies Fund	3.3%	5.5%	5.5%

*All maximum fees stated above are inclusive of GST.

Maximum performance fees

The maximum performance fee rate for the Fund is 20% of the performance above the performance benchmark. The current performance fee rate charged is 15% of each relevant Class' performance above its benchmark, subject to the payment conditions. A performance fee is currently only charged for Class A and Class H.

Bank and government charges

In addition to the fees set out in this section, standard government fees, duties and bank charges may also apply to investments and withdrawals (including dishonour fees and bank charges) and may be payable by you.

Goods and services tax ('GST')

All fees are on a GST inclusive basis, net of any reduced input tax credits, unless otherwise stated.

Further information on GST is available in section 5 of this AIG.

5 How managed investment schemes are taxed

Taxation of the Fund

This section provides general information only on selected Australian income tax matters and is only applicable to Australian resident investors in the Fund that hold their units on capital account. The tax comments in this section do not take into account the specific circumstances of the investor. In particular, they may not be relevant to investors that are subject to special tax rules such as banks, insurance companies, managed investment trusts, tax exempt organisations and dealers in securities.

Warning: Ironbark cannot give tax advice in respect of investments in the Fund. Investing in a registered managed investment scheme (such as the Fund) is likely to have tax consequences. Australian tax laws are complex and subject to change. The tax comments below are only in respect of Australian income tax and are based on the current law in Australia as at the date of this PDS. The comments do not take into account any changes in the tax law or future judicial precedents of the law after this time. Investors are strongly advised to seek their own professional tax advice about the applicable Australian tax (including income tax, GST and duty) consequences and, if appropriate, foreign tax consequences which may apply to investors based on their particular circumstances before investing in the Fund.

Taxation of Australian resident investors

The Fund should be characterised as a resident trust estate for Australian income tax purposes. The Responsible Entity should generally not be subject to tax on the net (tax) income of the Fund for the relevant year. Rather, the investors in the Fund are generally assessed on their share of the net (tax) income of the Fund for the relevant year.

Distributions

The whole of the Fund's distributable income (if any) for a particular income year ended 30 June will generally be distributed to investors in respect of the relevant income year. Investors should include their share of the net (tax) income of

the Fund in their assessable income in the relevant income year. This share is determined based on the distribution of the different income characters by the Fund to the investors. This is the case even if the Fund does not pay a cash distribution, the distribution is reinvested in additional units in the Fund, the distribution is paid in the next income year, or where the income distributions differ to the net (tax) income of the Fund.

Tax losses incurred by the Fund remain within the Fund and cannot be distributed to investors. Provided the Fund satisfies the relevant loss testing requirements, it may be able to offset its carry forward tax losses against the assessable income it derives in a future income year.

MIT eligibility

Where the Fund satisfies the requirements of a Managed Investment Trust ('MIT'), the Fund can make an irrevocable election ('MIT Capital Election') to apply a deemed 'capital' treatment for gains and losses on 'covered assets' such as shares. The Responsible Entity has made the MIT Capital Election in respect of the Fund, meaning that gains and losses from disposals of the Fund's investments will be treated as being on capital account in calculating the Fund's net (tax) income and the components of income to be distributed or attributed to investors.

AMIT election

The Responsible Entity has elected for the Fund to be an attribution managed investment trust ('AMIT'). Under the AMIT regime, Investors will be taxed on an attribution basis (having regard to the amount and character of the net taxable income "attributed" to an investor), rather than such tax being based strictly on the share of the net income distributed to which an investor is "presently entitled". The attribution will be made on a fair and reasonable basis in accordance with the Constitution.

This attribution basis of taxation replaces the present entitlement basis of taxation for MITs. Where taxable income attributed by the Fund for an income year is either less than or greater than the cash distributed, this leads to decreases or

increases (respectively) in the cost base of an investor's units in the Fund. These cost base adjustments will be notified in the AMMA statement provided to the investor for an income year.

How resident investors are taxed

The taxable income attributed by the Fund should retain its character in the hands of the investors. Australian resident investors will need to include their share of the Fund's taxable income in their assessable income for the relevant income year regardless of whether the investor receives a distribution following the end of the income year or the distribution is reinvested

Ironbark will send an AMMA Statement or a tax statement to investors each income year that will indicate the components of income that have been attributed to each investor from the Fund, which may include discount capital gains, non-discount capital gains, Australian source interest, dividend and other income, assessable foreign source income, foreign income tax offsets, CGT concession, and other non-assessable amounts.

The capital gains attributed to an investor can be offset by the investor's capital losses arising from other sources. If the capital gains relate to assets held by the Fund for at least 12 months before the disposal and the investor is an individual, trustee or complying superannuation fund, the investor may be entitled to reduce their net capital gain by applying the discount capital gains tax concession, after the application of any capital losses. The concession is 50% for an Australian resident individual or trust, and 33.33% for a complying superannuation fund. In the AMMA Statement or annual tax statement, Ironbark will advise of discountable capital gains attributed to the investor to assist the investor in calculating their net capital gain for the relevant year.

To the extent that part of a capital gain to which an investor becomes entitled is not assessable as a result of the discount capital gains tax concession, no adjustment to the cost base of their units will be required.

You may receive other non-assessable distributions from the Fund. Such distributions should reduce the tax cost base of the units of the investor in the Fund on which the distribution is made. Further, where the tax cost base is reduced to nil, the amount by which the non-assessable component exceeds the tax cost base of the unit will be regarded as a capital gain made by the investor that holds the unit. This capital gain will be a discountable capital gain where the investor has held the unit for more than 12 months.

Foreign income tax offset

Where the Fund pays foreign tax (such as withholding taxes) in respect of income or gains from a foreign investment, an investor may be entitled to receive a foreign income tax offset ('FITO'). Investors will include the foreign income and the FITO in their assessable income and may be eligible for a tax offset. The amount of any foreign income and FITO will be detailed in the AMMA Statement or annual tax statement provided to an investor.

The imposition of tax by a foreign jurisdiction will depend on the country in which the asset is located and income is sourced and the terms of any international tax agreement that exists between that country and Australia. These considerations may affect an investor's entitlement to a FITO. Further, the ability of the Fund to pass on a FITO to investors in respect of foreign tax paid on foreign sourced capital gains may be restricted where the gain has not fully been subject to Australian tax (as a result of application of losses or the availability of the CGT discount concession to the Fund).

The ability of an investor to claim a tax offset for the FITO attributed to them from the Fund will depend on their overall tax position. In doubt, investors should consult their tax adviser in relation to their FITO entitlement for a given year.

Controlled foreign company income

The Controlled Foreign Company ('CFC') rules can attribute income to the Fund that has been derived however not distributed by a foreign company where, in broad terms, the Fund together with its associates control the foreign company. It is unlikely for these rules to apply on the basis that the Fund should not control any foreign company.

Disposal or withdrawal of units

The disposal or withdrawal by an investor of any unit in the Fund may give rise to a capital gain or capital loss that is included in the net capital gain calculation of that investor for the relevant income year. Australian income tax may be payable on any net capital gain that is made for the relevant income year. A capital gain would be made where the capital proceeds from the disposal or withdrawal exceeds the cost base of the relevant unit. A capital loss would be made from the disposal or withdrawal where the capital proceeds from the disposal or withdrawal of the unit are less than the reduced cost base of the unit.

In order to determine their capital gain or capital loss position from the disposal or withdrawal of any unit, investors will need to adjust the tax cost base of their units in the Fund for any AMIT cost base adjustments that have been advised in the investor's AMMA statements received over the duration of their holding plus any non-assessable components distributed from the Fund before the Fund became an AMIT (where relevant). Note, a discount may be available for certain investors in calculating their net capital gain. Such a discount is available on capital gains made on units in the Fund (after the application of capital losses) where the units have been held for at least 12 months. The discount is 50% for Australian resident individuals and trusts, and 33.33% for complying superannuation funds.

In certain circumstances there may be a special attribution of income to investors who make a large redemption from the Fund. This attribution may lead to some of the redemption proceeds being reclassified as income. This income will be taxable to the investor, however, the capital proceeds to be included in the capital gain or loss calculation will be correspondingly reduced and in certain circumstances this could convert an apparent capital gain into a capital loss.

GST

GST will apply to most expenses of the Fund. All stated fees and expenses are quoted on a GST inclusive basis less any reduced input tax credits available to the Fund. Generally, the Fund cannot claim full input tax credits for GST incurred on expenses, however the Fund may be entitled to reduced input tax credits of 55% to 75% of any GST paid in respect of some of these expenses.

Tax file number ('TFN') declaration

On your application form you may provide us with your TFN or advise us in writing of your TFN exemption. Alternatively, if you are investing in the Fund in the course or furtherance of an enterprise, you may quote an Australian Business Number ('ABN').

It is not compulsory for you to quote a TFN, exemption or ABN, however if you do not we are required by law to deduct tax from any taxable income distribution payable to you at the highest marginal tax rate plus Medicare Levy and any other applicable Government charges. We are authorised to collect TFNs under

tax law. For more information about TFNs, please contact the Australian Taxation Office ('ATO').

US tax law requirements

The Fund is a Reporting Financial Institution under the Inter-Governmental Agreement between the Australian and US governments in relation to the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ('FATCA'), a United States tax law that imposes certain due diligence and reporting obligations on foreign (non-US) financial institutions and other financial intermediaries, including the Fund, to prevent tax evasion by US citizens and US tax residents ('US Persons') through the use of non-US domiciled investments or accounts.

To comply with the requirements under this Act, we will collect certain additional information from investors and will be required to disclose such information to the ATO. The ATO will share information reported to it by Reporting Financial Institutions with the US Internal Revenue Service.

For further information in relation to how our due diligence and reporting obligations may affect you, please consult your tax adviser.

Common reporting standard

The Fund is a Reporting Financial Institution under the Tax Laws Amendment (Implementation of the Common Reporting Standard) Act 2016 that implemented the OECD Common

Reporting Standard ('CRS') in Australia, requiring Reporting Financial Institutions in Australia to report to the ATO details of their foreign investors from participating jurisdictions (other countries that have implemented CRS).

To comply with CRS, we are required to collect information from you to identify if you are a tax resident of any other jurisdiction(s). For non-individual accounts, we are also required to identify the entity type and whether any controlling persons are foreign tax residents. Processing of applications or withdrawals will be delayed or refused if you do not provide the required information when requested. Penalties can apply if investors provide false information.

The ATO will share information reported to it by Reporting Financial Institutions to tax authorities of jurisdictions that have signed the CRS Competent Authority Agreement.

For further information in relation to how our due diligence and reporting obligations may affect you, please consult your tax adviser.

6 Additional information for New Zealand investors

An offer to New Zealand investors is a regulated offer made under Australian and New Zealand law. In Australia, this is Chapter 8 of the Corporations Act and regulations made under that Act. In New Zealand, this is subpart 6 of Part 9 of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 and Part 9 of the Financial Markets Conduct Regulations 2014.

Regulation

This offer and the content of the relevant offer document are principally governed by Australian rather than New Zealand law. In the main, the Corporations Act and the regulations made under that Act set out how the offer must be made.

There are differences in how financial products are regulated under Australian law. For example, the disclosure of fees for managed investment schemes is different under the Australian regime.

The rights, remedies, and compensation arrangements available to New Zealand investors in Australian financial products may differ from the rights, remedies, and compensation arrangements for New Zealand financial products.

Both the Australian and New Zealand financial markets' regulators have enforcement responsibilities in relation to this offer. If you need to make a complaint about this offer, please

contact the Financial Markets Authority, New Zealand (<http://www.fma.govt.nz>). The Australian and New Zealand regulators will work together to settle your complaint.

The taxation treatment of Australian financial products is not the same as for New Zealand financial products.

If you are uncertain about whether this investment is appropriate for you, you should seek the advice of a financial advice provider.

Currency exchange risk

The offer may involve a currency exchange risk. The currency for this financial product is not New Zealand dollars. The value of the financial products will go up or down according to changes in the exchange rate between that currency and New Zealand dollars. These changes may be significant.

If you expect the financial products to pay any amounts in a currency that is not New Zealand dollars, you may incur fees in having the funds credited to a bank account in New Zealand in New Zealand dollars.

Dispute resolution process

The dispute resolution process described in this offer document is available only in Australia and is not available in New Zealand.

7 Other information

Cooling-off period

If you are a retail investor, you are entitled to a 14-day cooling-off period for the initial investment in the Fund during which you may change your mind about your investment in the Fund and request the return of your money in writing. Generally, the cooling-off period is for 14 days from the earlier of the time your investment is confirmed, or the end of the fifth Business Day after your units are issued.

We will refund your investment, reduced or increased for market movements. We will also deduct any tax or duty incurred and an amount for reasonable transaction and administration costs we incur in relation to your investment in the Fund. As a result, the amount returned to you may be less than your original investment. This right terminates immediately if you exercise a right or power under the terms of the product, such as

transferring your units or voting on any units held by you. For any subsequent investments made under a distribution reinvestment plan, cooling off rights do not apply.

No cooling-off rights apply to Wholesale Clients or for any investment in the Fund acquired by your IDPS operator on your behalf. If you are an Indirect Investor you should contact your IDPS operator directly or refer to their disclosure document for information about any cooling-off rights that may apply to you.

Different classes of units

Under the Constitution, we may create new classes of units from time to time and we may also close a class of units on prior notice to investors.

Indirect Investors

The Responsible Entity authorises the use of this PDS for investors who wish to access the Fund indirectly through an investor directed portfolio service, a master trust, wrap account or similar arrangement ('IDPS') by directing the IDPS operator to acquire units on your behalf. If you do so, you will need to complete the relevant forms provided by the IDPS operator. The IDPS operator's withdrawal conditions determine when you can withdraw. Your rights as an Indirect Investor should be set out in the disclosure document issued by the IDPS operator.

If you invest in the Fund through an IDPS you will not become a direct investor in the Fund. The operator or custodian of the IDPS will be the investor recorded in the Fund's register and will be the only person who is able to exercise the rights and receive the benefits of a direct investor. Your investment in the Fund through the IDPS will be governed by the terms of your IDPS. Unless otherwise stated, the information in this PDS applies to direct investors.

If you invest through an IDPS, you will not receive reports or other documentation from the Responsible Entity or the investment manager in respect of the Fund. Instead, these will be provided to you by your IDPS operator, who is the investor in the Fund. This includes information in relation to applications/withdrawals, cooling-off periods, processing times, distributions, fees and expenses and taxation. You should contact the IDPS operator for details on how to invest in or withdraw from the Fund.

The Responsible Entity is not responsible for the operation of any IDPS. You should read the disclosure document for that IDPS together with this PDS prior to investing.

Potential conflicts of interest

Ironbark, and our various service providers may from time to time act as issuer, Investment Manager, custodian, registrar, broker, administrator, investment adviser, distributor or dealer, or be otherwise involved in other ways, in relation to other managed investments established by us, which have similar objectives to those of the Fund.

The appointment of these service providers may result in the appointment of a related entity to provide services or perform functions in relation to the Fund, including acting as our delegate. We may also enter into financial or other transactions with related entities in relation to the assets of the Fund and may sell or purchase assets from, a related entity. It is possible that appointments may have potential conflicts of interest with the Fund in the course of business.

Should we face conflicts in respect of our duties in relation to the Fund, related funds and our own interests we have policies and procedures in place to manage these conflicts.

Unit pricing policy

Our policy in relation to the exercise of discretions in relation to unit pricing is set out in our Unit Pricing Policy and Methodology. The Unit Pricing Policy and Methodology and the latest monthly report can be provided to you directly at no cost upon request.

Disclosure

If a Fund is a disclosing entity, that Fund is subject to regular reporting and disclosure obligations. Copies of documents lodged with ASIC may be obtained from or inspected at an ASIC office. Investors can obtain a copy of the following documents from the website www.ironbarkam.com:

- the most recent annual financial report for the Fund lodged with ASIC;
- the half yearly report for the Fund lodged with ASIC after the lodgement of the last annual report and before the date of this PDS; and
- any continuous disclosure notices given by Ironbark as responsible entity for the Fund after lodgement of the last annual report and before the date of this PDS.

Keeping you informed

We will make the following statements available to all investors of the Fund:

- a transaction confirmation statement, showing a change in your holdings, provided when a transaction occurs or on request;
- distribution statements, issued only when the Fund has distributed during the period;
- an annual tax statement for each period ended 30 June, issued only when the Fund has distributed during the period; and
- a confirmation of holdings statement for each period ended 30 June.

You may also obtain a copy of the following reports, free of charge from the website www.ironbarkam.com:

- the Fund's half-yearly financial account (if applicable);
- the Fund's annual audited accounts for the most recent period ended 30 June; and
- monthly investment reports providing updates on the Fund (if applicable).

In addition, you can choose whether to have a notice of meeting and any other meeting related documents sent to you in physical or electronic form. When you complete the Application Form you will be asked to make an election (which you can change at any time). You can also request to have any specific meeting related document provided to you in physical or electronic form at any time by contacting Ironbark on the contact details shown in the PDS.

Other information in relation to the Fund, including continuous disclosure notices (if applicable), will be available at www.ironbarkam.com.

8 Glossary

ASIC	Australian Securities and Investments Commission
Application Form	the application form accompanying the PDS
Business Day	a day other than a Saturday or Sunday or public holiday on which banks are open for business in Sydney
Constitution	the constitution of the Fund
Corporations Act	<i>Corporations Act 2001</i> (Cth)
Fund	Fiera Atlas Global Companies Fund ARSN 627 620 320
IDPS	an investor directed portfolio service, master trust, wrap account, an investor directed portfolio service-like scheme or a similar arrangement
Indirect Investors	persons who invest in the Fund through an Investor Directed Portfolio Service ('IDPS')
Investment Manager	Fiera Capital (UK) Limited FCA number 172999 the investment manager appointed by the Responsible Entity in respect of the Fund
Responsible Entity	Ironbark Asset Management (Fund Services) Limited ABN 63 116 232 154
Retail Client	persons or entities defined as such under section 761G of the Corporations Act or Clause 35 of Schedule 1 of the FMCA (NZ), as the case may be
Unit Registry	State Street Australia Ltd ABN 21 002 965 200 AFSL No. 241419
US Persons	<p>a person so classified under securities or tax law in the United States of America ('US') including, in broad terms, the following persons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) any citizen of, or natural person resident in, the US, its territories or possessions; or b) any corporation or partnership organised or incorporated under any laws of or in the US or of any other jurisdiction if formed by a US Person (other than by accredited investors who are not natural persons, estates or trusts) principally for the purpose of investing in securities not registered under the US Securities Act of 1933; or c) any agency or branch of a foreign entity located in the US; or d) a pension plan primarily for US employees of a US Person; or e) a US collective investment vehicle unless not offered to US Persons; or f) any estate of which an executor or administrator is a US Person (unless an executor or administrator of the estate who is not a US Person has sole or substantial investment discretion over the assets of the estate and such estate is governed by non-US law) and all the estate income is non-US income not liable to US income tax; or g) any trust of which any trustee is a US Person (unless a trustee who is a professional fiduciary is a US Person and a trustee who is not a US Person has sole or substantial investment discretion over the assets of the trust and no beneficiary (or settlor, if the trust is revocable) of the trust is a US Person); or h) any discretionary account or similar account (other than an estate or trust) held by a dealer or other fiduciary for the benefit or account of a US Person; or i) any non-discretionary account or similar account (other than an estate or trust) held by a dealer or other fiduciary organised, incorporated or (if an individual) resident in the US for the benefit or account of a US Person
we, us, our, Ironbark	Ironbark Asset Management (Fund Services) Limited ABN 63 116 232 154, the Responsible Entity for the Fund, or Ironbark Asset Management Pty Ltd ABN 53 136 679 420, as the context requires
Wholesale Client	<p>persons or entities who are a 'wholesale client' within the meaning of that term under section 761G of the Corporations Act which generally include investors that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) invest at least AU\$500,000 in the Fund; or b) have net assets of at least AU\$2.5 million or gross income of AU\$250,000 for at least the last two financial years and can provide an accountant's certificate to certify their assets or income; or c) are 'professional investors' (e.g. holders of an AFSL, superannuation fund trustees, ASX-listed entities, and persons having or controlling gross assets of at least AU\$10 million)